Phonics Teaching Series (1): Enhancing Teachers' Knowledge and Skills in Teaching Phonics at Primary Level

March 2021

rundown

- Phonics
- Sounds
- Teaching Phonics

What is Phonics?

- a. Phonics = Pronunciation
- b. Phonics teaches sounds and letters
- c. Phonics sounds are not as accurate as IPA sounds
- d. Phonics is for young learners only

Phonics

 a method of teaching people to read, based on learning the sounds that letters represent

Cambridge Dictionary

Letter-Sound Relationships

- <u>26</u> letters but <u>44</u>+sounds
- not enough letters to cover the sounds

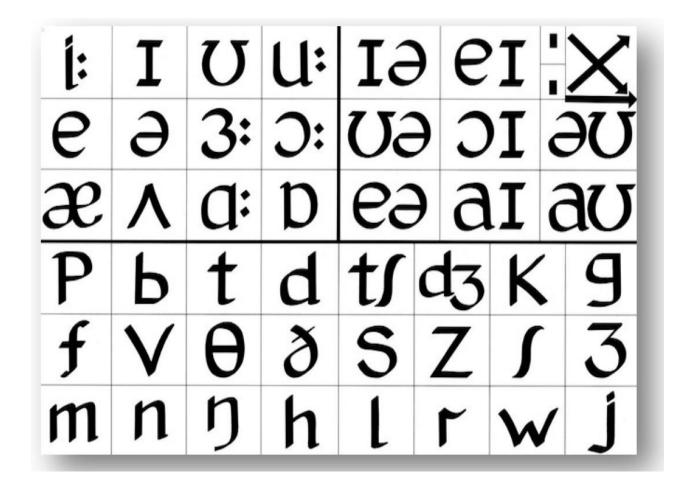
Phonics doesn't work and English spelling is

• • •

- weird
- confusing
- so irregular
- a mess

'87% of English words follow common and consistent sound-spelling relationships'

•Wiley Blevins, 'Phonics in the 21st Century'



letter-sound relationships

<u>ee</u>	i	short <u>00</u>	long OO	<u>ear</u>		<u>ai</u>	sim	ple code
e	schwa /ə/	<u>ur</u>	<u>or</u>	ure		<u>oi</u>	<u>oa</u>	
а	u	<u>ar</u>	0	<u>air</u>	<u>i</u>	gh_	<u>ow</u>	
р	Ь	t	d	<u>ch</u>	j	k	9	
f	V	unvoiced th	voiced th	S	z	<u>sh</u>	/ <u>zh</u> /	
m	n	<u>ng</u>	h	1	r	w	У	

Underhill's proprioceptive approach

- proprioception
- also referred to as kinaesthesia (or kinesthesia, in American English), is the sense of selfmovement and body position.
- 動覺(肌肉等的)運動感覺
- It is sometimes described as the "sixth sense".

How do we produce sounds?

'Reading in poor light gives you eyestrain.'

Which sounds did your tongue tip touch the palate or roof of your mouth?

Consonants

Vowels

Consonants pronounced by stopping the air from flowing easily through the mouth, especially by closing the lips or touching the teeth with the tongue

Vowels

produced when the breath flows out through the mouth without being blocked by the teeth, tongue, or lips

<u>ee</u>	i	short <u>00</u>	long <u>00</u>	<u>ear</u>	<u>a</u>	<u>ıi</u>	
e	schwa /ə/	<u>ur</u>	<u>or</u>	<u>ure</u>	<u>ire</u> <u>(</u>		<u>oa</u>
а	u	<u>ar</u>	0	<u>air</u>	ig	<u>ıh</u>	<u>ow</u>
р	Ь	†	р	<u>ch</u>	j	k	9
f	V	unvoiced th	voiced th	S	Z	<u>sh</u>	/ <u>zh</u> /
m	n	<u>ng</u>	h		r	w	У

12 stationary vowels

h	igh	high	high	ł	ligh	
	front	cer	itre		back	
lo	W	low	low		ow	

ee	i	short 00	long 00		ear		<u>a</u>	<u>i</u>					
е	schwa /ə/	<u>ur</u>	<u>or</u>		<u>ure</u>		<u>ure</u>		0	i		<u>oa</u>	
а	u	<u>ar</u>	0		<u>air</u>		ig	h		<u>ow</u>			
р	b	†	d		<u>ch</u>		j	k		9			
f	V	unvoiced <u>th</u>	voiced th		S		Z	<u>s</u> h	<u> </u>	/zh	/		
m	n	<u>ng</u>	h		ı		r	w		У			



er

```
/i/ + /<u>er</u>/
= /<u>ear</u>/
```





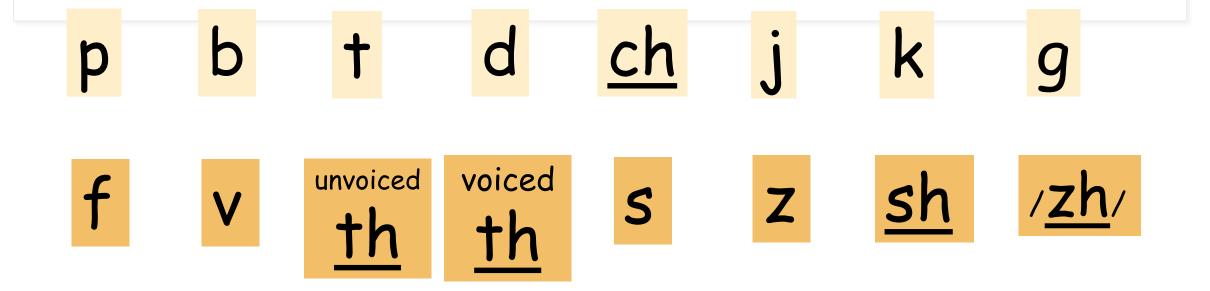
```
/a/ + /<u>oo</u>/
= /<u>ow</u>/
```

gliding	
vowels	

i→er	e->i	
oo→er	shorter or i	short er→00
e→er	a→i	short a->00

<u>ee</u>	i	short <u>00</u>	long <u>OO</u>	ear	<u>c</u>	<u>ni</u>	
e	schwa /ə/	<u>ur</u>	<u>or</u>	ure	<u>C</u>	<u>oi</u>	<u>oa</u>
а	u	<u>ar</u>	0	<u>air</u>	ic	<u> h</u>	<u>ow</u>
p	b	†	d	<u>ch</u>	j	k	9
p f	b v	† unvoiced <u>†h</u>	d voiced th	<u>ch</u> s	j z	k <u>sh</u>	g / <u>zh</u> /

unvoiced and voiced consonants



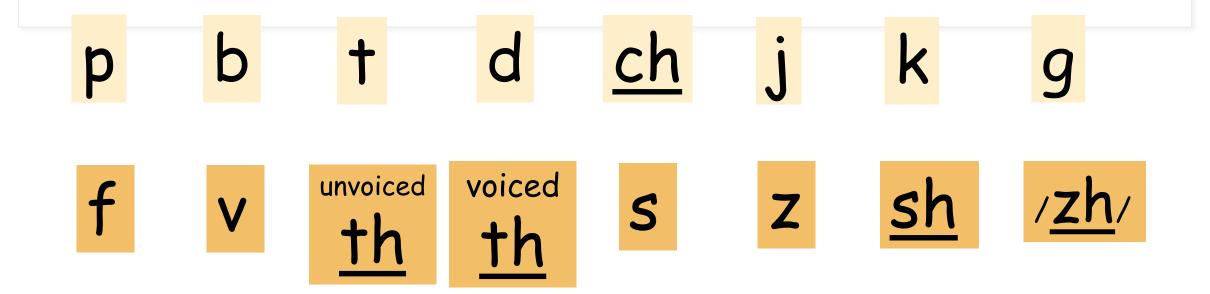
bdfghj

consonants – bouncy or stretchy

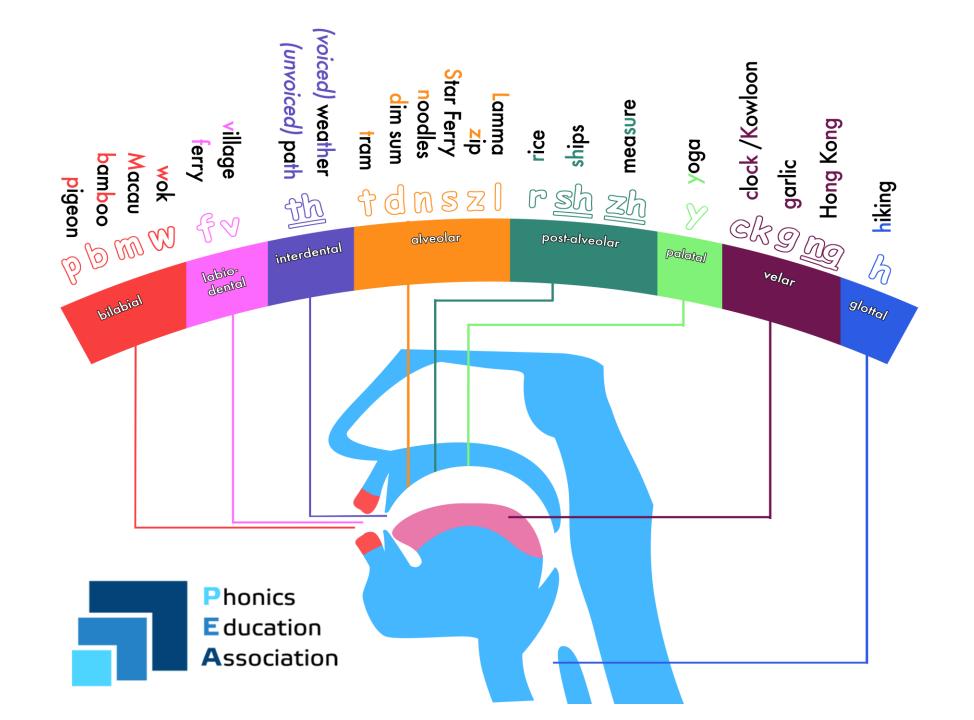
- · odd one out:
- ·b <u>ch</u> d k f g h j
- 1 m n nq p r
- ·s sh t unvoiced th voiced th

•v w y z/\underline{zh}

unvoiced and voiced consonants



Why are these arranged in such a way?



ee	i	short 00	long 00	ear	<u>c</u>	<u>li</u>	
e	schwa /ə/	ur	or	<u>ure</u>		<u>oi</u>	<u>oa</u>
а	u	<u>ar</u>	0	<u>air</u>	ic	<u>jh</u>	<u>ow</u>
р	Ь	†	d	<u>ch</u>	j	k	9
f	V	unvoiced th	voiced th	S	Z	<u>sh</u>	/ <u>zh</u> /
m	n	<u>ng</u>	h	I	r	w	y

other consonants



Semi Vowels

oo er w

i er y

no obstructions

Sounds

reading

Scarborough's Reading Rope

Reading Rope

- language comprehension
- word recognition
 - phonological awareness
 - decoding
 - sight recognition

Phonics

- word recognition role
- language comprehension

limitations

must be taught in context



show the benefits of LSRs

Teaching Phonics



provide fun and meaningful practice



encourage application

Phonics Activities

Activity Name Outcomes Materials Targets Procedures Variations Extensions

sounds - word chain drilling

- practise difficult single sounds
- differentiate pairs of initial sounds /l/ /r/; /f/
 /th/
- differentiate pairs of ending sounds /t/ /d/;
 /m/ /n/
- use the words to make a sentence / tongue twister / story
- extensions: find more words from a page / an article / a poster

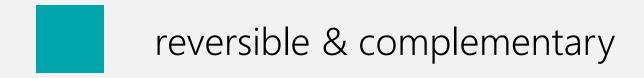
letters - unseen dictation

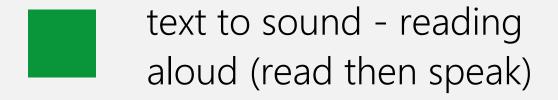
- /-ad/
- bad had dad mad sad glad 1 point@
- fad lad pad 2 points @
- cad rad clad chad 3 points @
- · 'experts' show & tell new words
- · extensions: -ed -od -ud -id
- variations: students as Ts group/pair work

What to adapt

- from sound to morpheme to word level
- from one word to pairs and more
- from recognition to production
- from production to differentiation

blending & segmenting





sound to text - spelling (listen then write)

sounds to onset & rime to syllables to compound words

Blending known words

- context classroom objects
- learning outcomes blend known words; more fluent/accurate
- materials PPT slides
- prep time 10 min.
- online unmute

- ·edks
- ·dtuser
- •s er e r a
- ·ss c a oo l r m
- •d t wh b i_e oar

Blending new words

- context holiday / travel
- learning outcomes blend new words; more confident; fluent/accurate
- materials PPT slides
- prep time 10 min.
- online unmute

Sonic-Control Spaceship

e ee igh shr

ang

Dictation as MCs – known words

- context vocab sets words with similar/same sounds/spelling
- learning outcomes distinguish/produce sounds;
 identify alternative spelling/pron
- materials poll
- prep time 10 min.
- online Poll tool on Zoom / Google Forms / Zeetings; Chat

Dictation – known to new words

- /-ad/
- bad had dad mad sad glad 1 point@
- fad lad pad 2 points @
- cad rad clad chad 3 points @
- extensions: 'experts'; -ed -id
- variations: group/pair work

Tricky or Common Exception Words

magic 'e' or split vowel digraphs long 'a' / 'a_e' - game bake late lane name long 'o' / 'o_e' - home bone throne cone hole

alternative spelling

/ai/ - mail able stay lake great weight prey sundae

alternative pronunciation

```
'ear' - dear beard /ear/; bear,
pear /air/
'ch' - chain, church /ch/;
chemistry, ache /k/; chef,
machine /sh/
'ough' - enough, tough /uf/;
cough /of/; thorough /er/;
through long /oo/
```

silent letters

```
silent b - climb, comb,
dumb
silent h - hour, honest,
rhyme
silent k - knee, knock, know,
kneel
```

breakout sessions

- key stage 1
- key stage 2

Scavenger Hunt

magic 'e' or split vowel digraphs

Grouped dictation

silent letters

Dos and Don'ts

- Do use games/activities in context
- Do integrate Phonics activities into the English curriculum
- Do focus on letter sounds suitable to the level of students and provide meaningful contexts for them to apply the knowledge and skills

- Don't use games / activities to teach many letter sounds in the same lesson
- Don't spend a fixed amount of time on Phonics games/activities in every English lesson as a formal system
- Don't assign regular lesson time on activities to implement a separate Phonics programme

Thanks for your participation!

- evaluation (link)
- Enjoy using Phonics with your students!